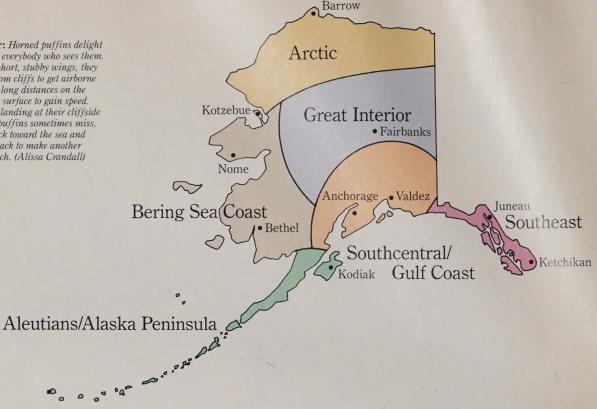
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Introduction Alaska

6225 POLARPAM Cover: Horned puffins delight almost everybody who sees them. With short, stubby wings, they dive from cliffs to get airborne or run long distances on the ocean's surface to gain speed. When landing at their cliffside nests, puffins sometimes miss, fall back toward the sea and come back to make another approach. (Alissa Crandall)



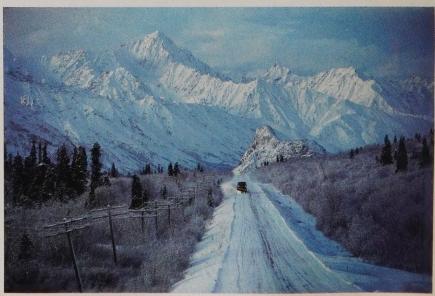
My late father would have said that these two guys exemplified the "Code of the North." Be that as it may, they sure had fun, and I was enriched because of them.

We were camped near the Alaska Highway in Yukon Territory last summer, and I was tinkering with my boat trailer. It had a slightly bent axle that required me to shift tires regularly to equalize wear. As I finished, two fellows from the next camp came up and asked about the problem.

Turns out they were heavy equipment mechanics from Saskatchewan, long practiced at making jury-rigged repairs to keep road machinery rolling. According to one of their companions, they had been relatively bored on the trip to Alaska – not enough people had needed their help.

At any rate, right after supper they came back with a heavy chain and a hydraulic jack, and went to work. Thirty minutes later the axle on my trailer was straight and an unknown problem with the tow-in on the wheels had been fixed. By that time most of the folks in the campground had gathered round to watch. I thanked my benefactors, who went back to their camp. They left the next morning before I got up.

Having been broken down a time or two along the highway and having sat out North Slope blizzards in frozen helicopters, I can tell you that this kind of spirit is common in the North-



North-country roads can be lonely places when your vehicle breaks down. (John Warden)

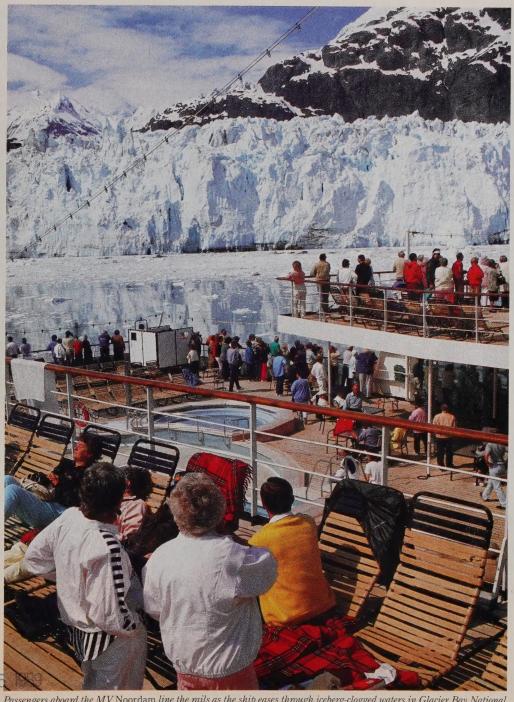
people always respond to others in need. The bent axle was the largest repair I've ever had done on the road, but it just so happened that I was camped next to two of the most competent mechanics around. My only regret was that I did not write down their names. Perhaps someone else they helped along the road did.

Whether you live here or visit here, these are the kinds of people you're likely to meet in Alaska and northern Canada. For reasons like this, we're

pretty proud of our neighbors. As you turn the pages of this Introduction to Alaska, you'll see a few of these good people and some of the places where they live.

Editor

1989 Introduction to Alaska



Passengers aboard the MV Noordam line the rails as the ship eases through iceberg-clogged waters in Glacier Bay National Park. (Ron Dalby)

Price: Acc. No.

Order No.1

LIBRARY



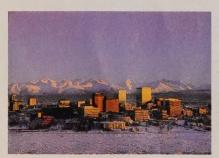
Southcentral/Gulf Coast

About 60 percent of Alaska's population resides in this part of the state. Bordered on the north and west by the Alaska Range and to the south by the Gulf of Alaska, this region encompasses urban Alaska – Anchorage and its environs – as well as some of the most fabulous wilderness areas in the state. The Chugach National Forest, second largest in the nation, encompasses much of the coastline. Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve anchors the eastern side of southcentral Alaska, and Denali National Park sits astride the northern edge. In between are other mountain ranges and vast acreages shared by the abundant variety of wildlife common to Alaska.

For the most part the climate is moderate when compared to arctic or interior Alaska. The strong influence of the Gulf of Alaska keeps winter temperatures



Wind surfers frequently can be seen sailing the challenging waters of Turnagain Arm, a part of Cook Inlet south of Anchorage. (John Warden)



About 225,000 people, nearly half the state's population, call Anchorage home. (Grant Klotz)



A fishing boat from Cordova, on the eastern edge of Prince William Sound, is decked out for the boat parade, a regular event at the annual Iceworm Festival in February. (Ron Dalby)



River otters always seem to be looking for sport, whether sliding down creek banks or, like this one near Seward, posing for photographers. (Grant Klotz)

Southcentral/Gulf Coast

relatively mild and summer temperatures relatively cool. Only rarely does the thermometer dip below zero along the coast or rise above 70 degrees.

Here, too, are some of the state's most popular recreation spots: the Kenai River, famed for its huge king salmon but also popular with rafters; the Matanuska Valley, Alaska's farm belt but also filled with salmon streams and lakes teeming with trout; and stunning Prince William Sound, a shimmering jewel of emerald-colored islands and sapphire-blue fiords.



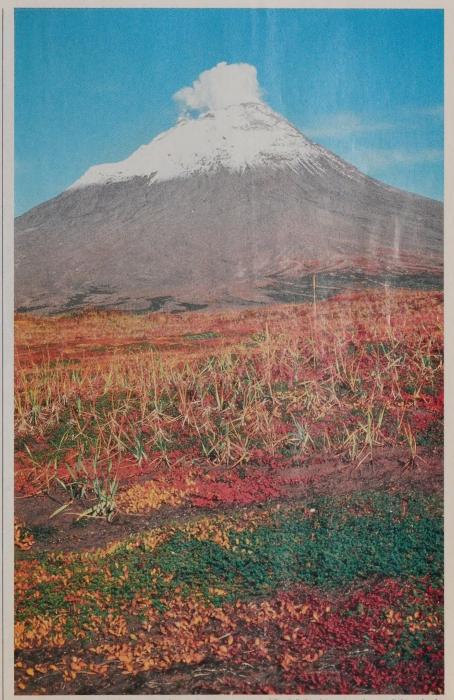
Every summer hordes of campers live on the spit in Homer. Some are hoping for seasonal jobs processing fish; others are spending a lazy summer in one of Alaska's favorite spots. (Jim Rosen)



An Alaska Railroad freight out of Seward rumbles north to Anchorage along the shore of Turnagain Arm. (John Warden)



The Alaska Native Arts and Crafts Association maintains this gift shop in Anchorage. (ANAC)



Mount Augustine, on an island near the southwestern corner of Cook Inlet, has erupted several times in the past 40 years, almost always dusting Anchorage with a fallout of ash. (William J. Harrigan)

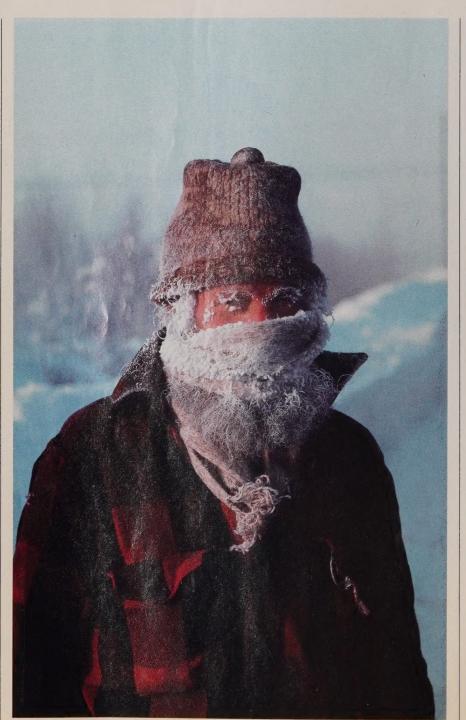


Great Interior

Alaska's 170,000-square-mile Interior is a land of ups and downs, from the almost-sea-level swamps populated with ducks and muskrats to majestic Mount McKinley, the highest point on the North American continent.

A large river network and a good-sized road system connect most of the towns and cities of this vast region. Fairbanks, known as the "Golden Heart City," lies in a river valley surrounded by gently rolling, forested hills. Highways from this city of 25,000 lead north over the Brooks Range to the Arctic, or south past Denali National Park and through the Alaska Range, or southeast to the Canadian border and Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve. The Richardson Highway heads southeast to the ice-free port of Valdez.

Fall and winter recreational activities in the Interior include ice fishing, dog



When it's 38 below zero in Fairbanks, Jack Frost truly does nip at your nose. (James McCann)



A caribou is framed against the backdrop of Mount McKinley, inside Denali National Park. (James McCann)



The warmth of a trapper's cabin stands in stark contrast to its cold surroundings in the midst of the remote Brooks Range. (Stuart Pechek)

Great Interior

mushing, skiing, trapping, the Fairbanks Ice Festival, the Equinox marathon, and the Yukon Quest—an international, 1,000-mile sled dog race.

During the warm summers, people swim, fish, hike, boat, garden, pick a lot of berries and attend rodeos, the Tanana Valley Fair, the World Eskimo-Indian Olympics and the Yukon 800 riverboat race.

Visitors enjoy the leisurely pace of life in the Interior, where there are no skyscrapers, not much traffic and plenty of friendly people.



Stretching from the North Slope oil fields to the ice-free port of Valdez, the trans-Alaska pipeline carries crude oil through 800 miles of line. James McCamp



The colorful bearberry bush, one of the Interior's handy species of plants, also is called "kinnikinnick." (lames McCann.)



A dog team bolts from the starting line at the annual Open North American Championship sled dog race in describent Fairbanks. (James McCann)



Many visitors to Denali National Park explore the wilderness on foot. (© John W. Warden)



The sternwheeler Discovery makes daily excursions each summer on the Chena River. (James McCann)



Bering Sea Coast

Alaska's western coast hugs the Bering Sea, with its rich bounty of wildlife, and marine mammals and birds. Keen observers are likely to see a beluga whale, walrus or at least one of the four species of seals along the rugged shoreline. This sparsely populated region is dotted with small Bush communities, which are accessible by plane, snow machine or dog sled. No roads interconnect the towns and villages.

A haven for hunters and fishermen, the area sports some well-known refuges, such as the Innoko National Wildlife Refuge and the Yukon Delta National Wildlife

Refuge. To the south, Bristol Bay features abundant salmon runs.

To the north lies an age-old land noted for its wealth of minerals. Gold-seekers still reap the riches of gold on or near the Seward Peninsula, where a passenger aboard a plane can steal a glimpse of the Soviet Union on a clear day.



Hunters sail in search of bowhead whales in an Eskimo whaling boat amid the ice floes near St. Lawrence Island. (Chlaus Lotscher)



Several narrow-gauge railroad engines – rusted and dead in their tracks – stand as testimony to the great gold rush near Solomon, about 30 miles from Nome. (Barbara Brynko)



A young girl from Bethel displays her newfound friends—an armload of furry puppies. (Clyde H. Smith)



Greeting visitors with a warm smile, this man from Chevak extends some local hospitality from his bush village in western Alaska. (Clyde H. Smith)



Aleutians/Alaska Peninsula

The raucous cries of seabirds piercing the droning sea wind are likely to be among the first sounds greeting visitors to the Aleutian Chain. The "chain" is composed of more than 200 islands that begin with Unimak Island, off the Alaska Peninsula, and stretch close to 1,000 miles to Attu Island, the chain's most distant isle.

The Aleutians and the Alaska Peninsula harbor a long string of volcanoes, with the peninsula's Valley of 10,000 Smokes offering spectacular views of once-active volcanoes. Rich in history, the Aleutians contain artifacts chronicling the culture of the Aleuts (the original inhabitants of the chain), the arrival of Russian fur traders in the 1700s and the brief occupation of Japanese forces on some of the islands during World War II. The islands, which separate the North Pacific from the Bering Sea, are known for their valuable commercial fisheries and bird sanctuaries.



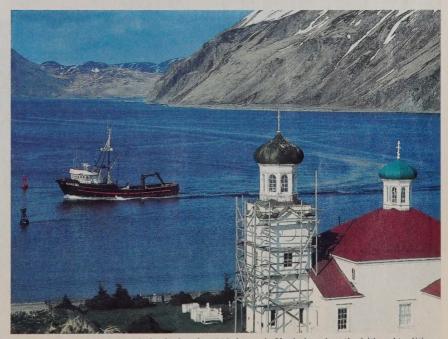
The Alaska Peninsula boasts some of the highest densities of brown bear in the world, due mainly to the region's enormous salmon runs and expansive tracts of undeveloped wilderness. (Clyde Smith)



The most remote island of the Aleutian Chain is Attu, where lush, emerald hills and roaring beaches still echo stories of battles fought in World War II. (File Photo)



Lava flows, miles of ash and great calderas bear witness to the 1912 eruption of Novarupta in the Alaska Peninsula's Valley of 10,000 Smokes. (Ken Marsh)



Evidence of Russian influence dating back to the 1700s is seen in Unalaska, where the faith and traditions of the Orthodox Church are still part of the Aleut way of life. (Clyde Smith)



Southeast

Known as the banana belt of Alaska, the southeastern portion of the state is home to coastal rain forests, pale blue tidewater glaciers and spectacular mountains.

Each summer, the region attracts thousands of hikers, kayakers and tourists, who arrive mostly via cruise ship and ferries to enjoy the lush sights and marine life that Southeasterners take for granted. Rest assured, however, the fishermen, loggers and miners who live here wouldn't trade places with anyone else in the world.

Centuries before gold seekers first climbed the arduous trail from Skagway to the Klondike in 1898, Southeast was, as it is today, the homeland of the Tlingit, Haida and Tsimshian Indians.

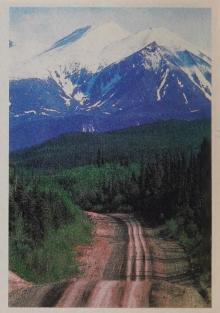
Rain – as much as 200 inches a year in some communities – is a fact of life here, but folks simply don their waterproof rainwear and rubber boots, and relinquish



"Spin the wheel and take yer chances," good luck and lovely ladies hang with the winner at Skagway's annual summer festival celebrating the gold rush days. (File photo)



If old boats could talk, imagine the stories this abandoned "puddle jumper" in Pelican could tell. (File photo)



Montana Mountain looms above the Carcross Highway outside of Skagway. (File photo)



Too cheerful looking to chase away the birds, this scarecrow presides over a bright summer garden in Tenakee. (File photo)

Southeast

themselves to the elements like wading ducks.

At the heart and soul of Southeast is the Pacific Ocean, and a good skiff, in most places, is far more handy than a car for easy traveling. Floatplanes are the taxis of this area, providing service to many roadless, outlying communities.

Most of all, this is a region of awesome beauty, framed by jagged peaks and cascading waterfalls, the part of Alaska that naturalist John Muir once called a sparkling wonderland.



Tenakee Springs is typical of the dockside towns that dot southeastern Alaska's isolated coastline. (File photo)



Nothing beats sipping punch in Meyers Chuck. (File photo)



The colors of dusk linger over Hoonah, a city of 917 people that was incorporated in 1946. (File photo)

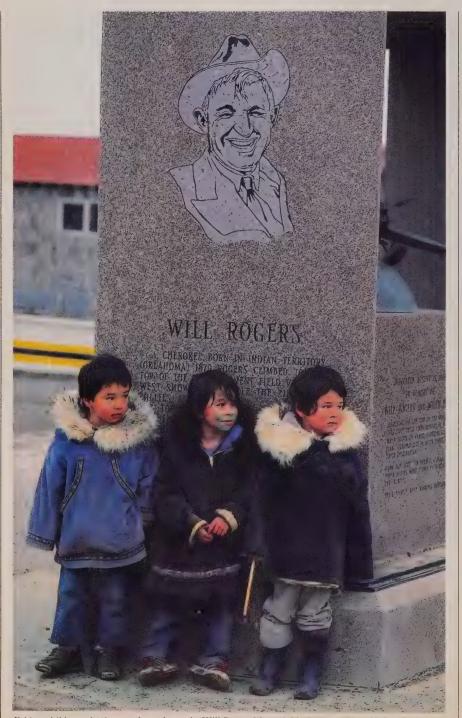


Arctic

The Arctic, sometimes called the North Slope because the land slopes from the north side of the Brooks Range to the Arctic Ocean, arcs across the top of Alaska from the Canadian border to Kotzebue Sound.

On this windswept coastal plain are a couple of dozen Eskimo communities, where the residents – like their ancestors – hunt whales, waterfowl and caribou during annual migrations. In addition to hunting and trapping, many of the region's Inupiat Eskimos work in construction, for the government and for the oil industry at Prudhoe Bay, where an 800-mile pipeline transports 2 million barrels of oil a day across the state to Valdez in southcentral Alaska.

Barrow and Kotzebue, the largest Eskimo towns in the region, serve as commercial and cultural centers. Accommodations and attractions also are gradually being



Eskimo children take time out from play at the Will Rogers Memorial in Barrow. (Clyde H. Smith)



A wide array of ivory carvings is available in the Arctic. (ANAC)



A man can walk for days in the Brooks Range without seeing another human. (Clyde H. Smith)

Arctic

developed for the tourist industry and for recreationists, who, with increasing frequency, use the Brooks Range and its rivers for backpacking and rafting.



The graveyard at Point Hope, an Eskimo village facing the Chukchi Sea, has a fence made of giant whalebones. (Clyde H. Smith)



The wolf ruff on this Point Hope woman's parka offers superb protection from the ruthless Arctic wind. (Clyde H. Smith)



A sweeping panorama of the coastal plain in the Arctic National Wildlife Range shows caribou on their traditional calving grounds, with the Brooks Range to the south. (Chlaus Lotscher)

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- Alaska Business Monthly, P.O. Box 10-2696, Anchorage 99510. Annual rates: \$21.95.
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- Alaska Geographic, Box 93370, Anchorage 99509-3370. Quarterly. Annual rates, including membership in The Alaska Geographic Society: \$30; outside the U.S., \$34.
- Alaska Journal of Commerce and Pacific Rim Reporter, Pouch 99007, Anchorage 99509. Weekly. Rates: 1 year, \$49; 2 years, \$90.
- Alaska® magazine, 808 E St., Suite 200, Anchorage 99501. Monthly. Annual rates: \$24; outside the U.S., \$28.
- Aleutian Eagle, 3933 Geneva Place, Anchorage 99508. Weekly. Annual rates: \$30 in Alaska, \$35 Outside.
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- Anchorage Daily News, Box 149001, Anchorage 99514-9001. Daily including Sunday. Monthly rates: Anchorage home delivery, \$7.50; second class mail, \$20. Write for airmail rates.
- The Anchorage Times, P.O. Box 40, Anchorage 99510-0040. Daily including Sunday. Monthly rates: Anchorage home delivery, \$7; Outside second-class mail, \$24
- Arctic Sounder, Box 290, Kotzebue 99752. Every other week. Rates: \$20 annually. \$16 per year for students.
- Bering Sea Fisherman, 725 Christensen Drive, Anchorage 99501. Quarterly. Annual rate:
- Bristol Bay Times, Box 1129, Dillingham 99576. Weekly. Annual rates: third class, \$30; first class, \$60.
- Capital City Weekly, 9108 Mendenhall Mall Road, Juneau 99801. Distributed free in Juneau. Write for other
- Chilkat Valley News, P.O. Box 630, Haines 99827. Weekly. Annual second class rates: Haines, \$28; first class, \$40.
- Chugiak-Eagle River Star, 16941 N. Eagle River Loop, Eagle River 99577. Weekly. Rates: second class in Alaska,

- \$16 annually (\$28 for two years); Outside, \$20 annually.
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- The Delta Paper, P.O. Box 988, Delta Junction 99737. Weekly, Rates: 70 cents per issue locally; 75 cents per issue out-of-town.
- Fairbanks Daily News-Miner, Box 710, Fairbanks 99707. Daily and Sunday. Monthly rates: \$10.50 daily and Sunday; \$7.75 daily only. Write for rates outside Alaska.
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- GreatLander Bush Mailer, 3110 Spenard Road, Anchorage 99503. Monthly.
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- Inuvik Drum, P.O. Box 2719, Inuvik, Northwest Territories, Canada. Weekly. Annual rates: \$35 second class; \$100 first class.
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- Ketchikan Daily News, P.O. Box 7900, Ketchikan 99901. Daily except Sunday and holidays. Annual rates: Ketchikan, \$80; elsewhere, second class, \$109.
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- Lynn Canal News, P.O. Box 637, Haines 99827. Weekly. Write for rates.
- The Milepost, 137 E. Seventh

- Ave., Anchorage 99501. Annual edition, available in March. \$14.95, plus \$2 for fourth-class postage and handling; \$4 for first-class mail.
- Mukluk News, P.O. Box 90, Tok 99780. Twice monthly. Annual rates: first class, \$24; third class, \$10.
- New Alaskan, P.O. Box 667, Ketchikan 99901. Monthly except January. Free to Ketchikan area residents; \$7 elsewhere.
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- Nome Nugget, P.O. Box 610, Nome 99762. Weekly. Annual second-class rates: Alaska, \$40: Outside, \$50. Fifty percent discount for senior citizens.
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- Senior Voice, 325 E. Third Ave., Suite 300, Anchorage 99501. Monthly. Annual rate: Alaskans over 55, \$15; under 55, \$20; Outside, \$25,
- Seward Phoenix Log, P.O. Box 89, Seward 99664. Weekly. Annual second-class rates: Kenai Peninsula Borough, \$24; elsewhere, \$30; first class, \$60.
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- Southeastern Log, P.O. Box 7900, Ketchikan 99901 Monthly. Annual rate: \$12.
- Tundra Drums, P.O. Box 868. Bethel 99559. Weekly. Annual second class rates: Alaska, \$20; elsewhere, \$30; first class, \$55.
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- The Valley Sun, 1261 Seward Meridian, Suite F, Wasilla 99687. Weekly. Free to Matanuska-Susitna Borough box holders; write for rates.
- Whitehorse Star, 2149 Sec-

- ond Ave., Whitehorse, YT. Canada Y1A 1C5. Monday through Friday. Rates: \$30 per month in Canada; \$35 per month in U.S.
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- Business: Department of Commerce & Economic Development, Pouch EE, Juneau 99811; State Chamber of Commerce, 310 Second St., Juneau 99801.
- Education: Department of Education, Box F, Juneau 99811; U.S. Bureau of Indian Affairs, Box 3-8000, Juneau 99802.
- Health: Department of Health & Social Services, Box H, Juneau 99811.
- Housing: Alaska State Building Authority, Box 100080, Anchorage 99510-0080.
- Hunting and Fishing Regulations: Department of Fish and Game, Box 3-2000, Juneau 99802.
- Job Opportunities: Alaska State Employment Service, Box 3-7000, Juneau 99802.
- Labor: Department of Labor. Box 1149, Juneau 99802.
- Land: Division of Land and Water Management, Box 7005, Anchorage 99510; U.S. Bureau of Land Management, 701 C St., P.O. Box 13, Anchorage 99513.
- Tourism: Division of Tourism, Box E, Juneau 99811; Alaska Marine Highway System, Box R. Juneau 99811.

Miscellaneous Facts

- · Alaska has more than 3 million lakes, 94 of which have surface areas of more than 10 square miles.
- · Fifteen species of baleen and toothed whales are found in the waters of Alaska. Baleen whales found here include blue, bowhead, northern right, fin or finback, sei, minke, little piked, gray and the humpback. Toothed whales include beluga, killer, pilot, beaked and sperm. There also are two toothed species of dolphins and two species of porpoises.
- There are about 70 streams in Alaska called Bear Creek, not to mention Bear Bluff, Bear Can-

Facts, Figures and Sources

yon, Bear Cove, Bear Bay and Bear Draw, and about 50 named Moose Creek.

- Alaska's 64,000 Native people make up about 13 percent of the state's population.
- Compared to the 365 million acres of land that make up Alaska, settled or altered areas

amount to less than 1/20 of a percent.

- Seventeen of the 20 highest peaks in the United States are found in Alaska.
- Alaska's languages include English, Tlingit, Tsimshian, several dialects of Eskimo, Haida, and Athabascan.

Population	Eek 257	Kodiak 6,173
(1985 estimates)	Egegik 112	Kodiak
	Eielson AFB 4,932	Station 1,731
Community Pop.	Ekwok 107	Kokhanok 68
A 1-1- Ct 1: A CCE	Elfin Cove 47	Koliganek 161
Adak Station 4,665	Elim 237	Kongiganak 291
Akhiok 109	Emmonak 618	Kotlik 409
Akiachak 459	English Bay 192	Kotzebue 2,633
Akiak 289 Akutan 80	Ester 285	Koyuk 202
Alakanuk 556	Evansville/	Koyukuk 143
Aleknagik 180	Bettles 86	Kupreanof 41
Allakaket 188	Eyak 44	Kwethluk 546
Ambler 255	Fairbanks 27,099	Kwigillingok 244
Anaktuvuk	False Pass 77 Fort Greely 1,672	Larsen Bay 217 Levelock 76
Pass 238		w / w w / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /
Anchorage 235,269	Fort Yukon 678 Fox 189	Lime Village 48 Manley Hot
Anchor Point 327	Fritz Creek 1,610	Springs 88
Anderson 566	Gakona 82	Manokotak 309
Angoon 588	Galena 947	Marshall 281
Aniak 481	Gambell 494	McGrath 509
Annette 158	Glennallen 499	McKinley Park 65
Anvik 83	Golovin 131	Mekoryuk 152
Arctic Village 132	Goodnews Bay 241	Mentasta Lake 66
Atka 93	Grayling 255	Metlakatla 1,270
Atmautluak 234	Gulkana 98	Meyers Chuck 53
Atqasuk 190	Gustavus 217	Minto 209
Attu 31	Haines 1,151	Montana 103
Barrow 3,075	Halibut Cove 52	Moose Creek 803
Beaver 80	Harding Lake 58	Moose Pass 145
Bethel 4,006	Healy Lake 37	Mountain
Big Delta 388	Healy 414	Village 682
Big Lake 610	Herring Cove 120	Mountain Point 480
Birch Creek 29 Brevig Mission 164	Holy Cross 238	Naknek 382
210110	Homer 3,632 Hoonah 917	Napakiak 299
		Napaskiak 303
Campion Station 12 Cantwell 91	Hope 886 Hope 224	Nelson Lagoon 44 Nenana 544
Cape Lisburne 11	Houston 725	Newhalen 165
Cape Newenham 9	Hughes 92	New Stuyahok 339
Cape Pole 50	Huslia 272	Newtok 207
Central 42	Hydaburg 463	Nightmute 153
Chalkyitsik 94	Hyder 73	Nikiski 1,630
Chefornak 277	Igiugig 38	Nikolai 122
Chevak 532	Iliamna 126	Nikolski 116
Chicken 48	Indian Mountain 13	Ninilchik 451
Chignik City 129	Ivanof Bay 49	Noatak 329
Chignik Lagoon 40	Jakolof Bay 81	Nome 3,191
Chignik Lake 164	Juneau (city and	Nondalton 234
Chistochina 64	borough) 26,270	Noorvik 529
Chitina 40	Kachemak 338 Kake 634	North Pole 1,640
Chuathbaluk 124 Circle 94	Kake 634 Kalifonsky 332	North Tongass
Circle 94 Clam Gulch 160	Kaktovik 209	Highway 2,089 North Whale
Clarks Point :79	Kalskag, Lower 281	Pass 83
Clover Pass 547	Kalskag, Upper 154	Northway 93
Coffman Cove 272	Kaltag 278	Northway
Cold Bay 157	Karluk 114	Village 146
College 6,646	Kasaan 83	Nuiqsut 337
Cooper Landing 386	Kasigluk 405	Nulato 368
Copper Center 229	Kasilof 643	Nunapitchuk 356
Cordova 1,901	Kenai 6,518	Old Harbor 344
Craig 924	Ketchikan 7,311	Oscarville 63
Crooked Creek 126	Ketchikan East 469	Ouzinkie 235
Deadhorse 65	Kiana 392	Palmer 3,016
Deering 153	King Cove 547	Paxson 33
Delta Junction 1,299	King Salmon 648	Pedro Bay 70
Dillingham 2,141	Kipnuk 408	Pelican 234
Diomede 158	Kivalina 285	Pennock Island 109
Dot Lake 77	Klawock 613	Perkinsville 45
Eagle City 194	Klukwan 153 Kobuk 65	Petryville 137
Eagle Village 79	Kobuk 65	Petersburg 3,145

Pilot Point	79	Sheldon Point		Tenakee Sprin	ngs142
Pilot Station	425	Shemya Stati	on 613	Tetlin	89
Pitkas Point	106	Shishmaref	410	Thorne Bay	412
Platinum	65	Shungnak	226	Togiak	556
Point Baker	108	Sitka (city and	d	Tok	692
Point Hope	597	borough)	8,160	Toksook Bay	362
Point Lay	104	Skagway	610	Tonsina	130
Port Alexander	131	Slana	57	Tonsina, Lowe	er 38
Port Clarence	39	Sleetmute	130	Tuluksak	321
Port Graham	188	Soldotna	3,818	Tuntutuliak	293
Port Heiden	108	South Naknel	k 195	Tununak	318
Port Lions	302	Sparrevohn		Twin Hills	44
Portage Creek	35	Station	15	Two Rivers	523
Prudhoe Bay	56	Stebbins	372	Tyonek	269
St. Paul	466	Sterling	1,732	Unalakleet	759
Salamatof	737	Stevens Villag	ge 97	Unalaska	1,331
Salcha	533	Stony River	92	Usibelli Mine	6
Sand Point	671	Sutton	340	Valdez	3,271
Savoonga	487	Takotna	54	Venetie	237
Saxman	273	Talkeetna	269	Wainwright	508
Saxman East	499	Tanacross	149	Wales	143
Scammon Bay	304	Tanana	425	Wasilla	3,666
Selawik	589	Tatalina	13	White Mounta	ain 164
Seldovia	403	Tatitlek	112	Whittier	344
Seward	2,152	Tazlina	38	Willow	494
Shageluk	144	Telida	38	Wrangell	2,387
Shaktoolik	163	Teller	247	Yakutat	456
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Average Costs of Living Around Alaska

Food – average cost for one week at home for a family of four with elementary schoolchildren (costs compiled 12/87; U.S. average \$86.20):

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Southeast (Juneau)	\$ 87.97
Southcentral/Gulf Coast (Anchorage)	\$ 86.93
Interior (Fairbanks)	\$ 87.26
Bering Sea (Nome)	\$149.17
Southwest (Bethel)	\$147.46

Housing – average cost of single-family residence with three bedrooms, including land (costs compiled first quarter 1988):

Southeast (Juneau)	\$114,850-118,120 (buy);
C	\$525-\$1,174/mo. (rent)
Southcentral/Gulf Coast (Anchorage)	\$119,750-\$129,000 (buy); \$1,100-\$1,250/mo. (rent)
Interior (Fairbanks)	\$110,719 (buy);
	\$829/mo. (rent)
Bering Sea (Nome)	\$62,000-\$180,000 (buy):
Arctic (Kotzebue)*	\$700-\$1,300/mo. (rent) \$130,000-\$150,000 (buy);
Tirette (Hotzesae)	rental figure n/a

^{*(}costs for this region compiled 6/87)

Gasoline – average cost for 55-gallon drum, unleaded (compiled 12/87).

12/87):	
Southeast (Juneau)	\$72.20
Southcentral/Gulf Coast (Anchorage)	\$54.95
Interior (Fairbanks)	\$45.49
Bering Sea (Nome)	\$98.95
Southwest (Bethel)	\$85.20

Heating Oil – average cost for 55-gallon drum (compiled 12/87):

Southeast (Juneau) \$65.08

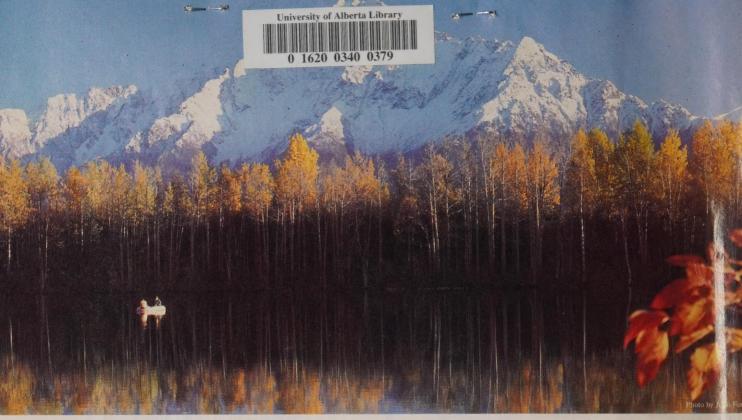
Southcentral/Gulf Coast (Anchorage) \$48.29

Interior (Fairbanks) \$46.96

Bering Sea (Nome) \$67.65

Southwest (Bethel) \$77.96

Taxes-city and borough (Alaska has no state inc	come tax), as of
12/87:	
Southeast (Juneau)	4% sales
Southcentral/Gulf Coast (Anchorage)	none
Interior (Fairbanks city)	none
Bering Sea (Nome)	4% sales
Arctic (Kotzebue)	3% sales



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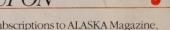
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